

You will love networking.

Yes. You will.



Weekly Schedule

Date	CPTC (10AM-12PM)	CCDC (1PM-4PM)
Jul 11	Cyber Bootcamp Kickoff!	
Jul 18	Intro to Pen Testing	Business Week
Jul 25	Hacking Web Apps	Introduction to Networking 
Aug 1	Hacking Linux	Securing Linux
Aug 8	Hacking Windows	Securing Windows
Aug 15	Consulting	Common Services
Aug 22-23	CPTC Tryouts (All day)	
Aug 29-Sep 12		CCDC Fall
Sep 19-20		CCDC Tryouts (1-5 PM)

whoami

Natalie Tran | @natworking

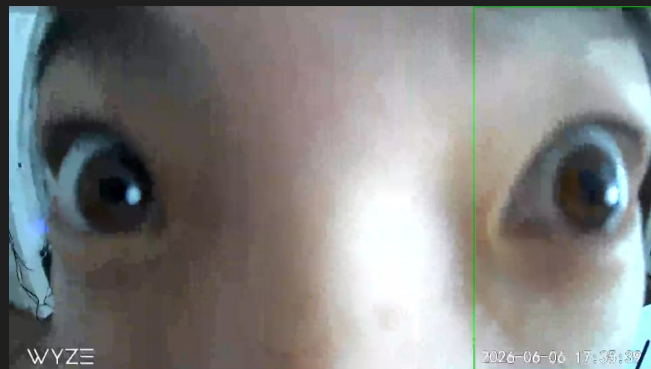
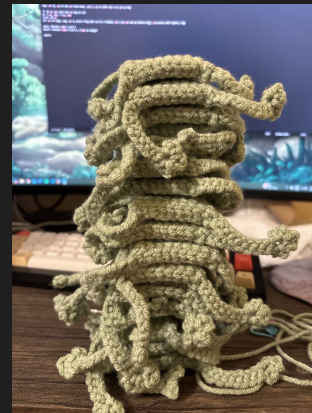
CD&E Intern

CCDC (Co-)Captain 2025-2027

CCDC Networking 2024-2025

4th year CS

frogs !!



whoami

Adam Cheung | @adumb

IST Sysadmin Intern @ Esri

CCDC Co-Captain, Linux Lead 2026-2027

CCDC Linux Database 2025-2026

BS CS, Cyber Minor; MSIS 1st year

Sec+, Network+

slay da spire



Agenda

1

**Intro to
Networking**

2

**Competition
Networking**

3

**Client Server
Model**

4

Firewalls!

5

Lab

1

Intro to Networking

Not the LinkedIn one



Network

System of interconnected network devices

- Communicate and share resources

Networks & Devices

Contains at least one **Network Interface Card** (NIC)

- Wired or wireless connection to internet

Network devices: routers, switches, modems

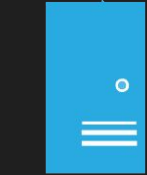
End devices: computers, phones, servers, etc.

Basic Topology

Workstation 1



Workstation 2



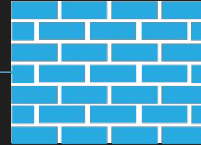
Web Server



File Server



Switch



Firewall

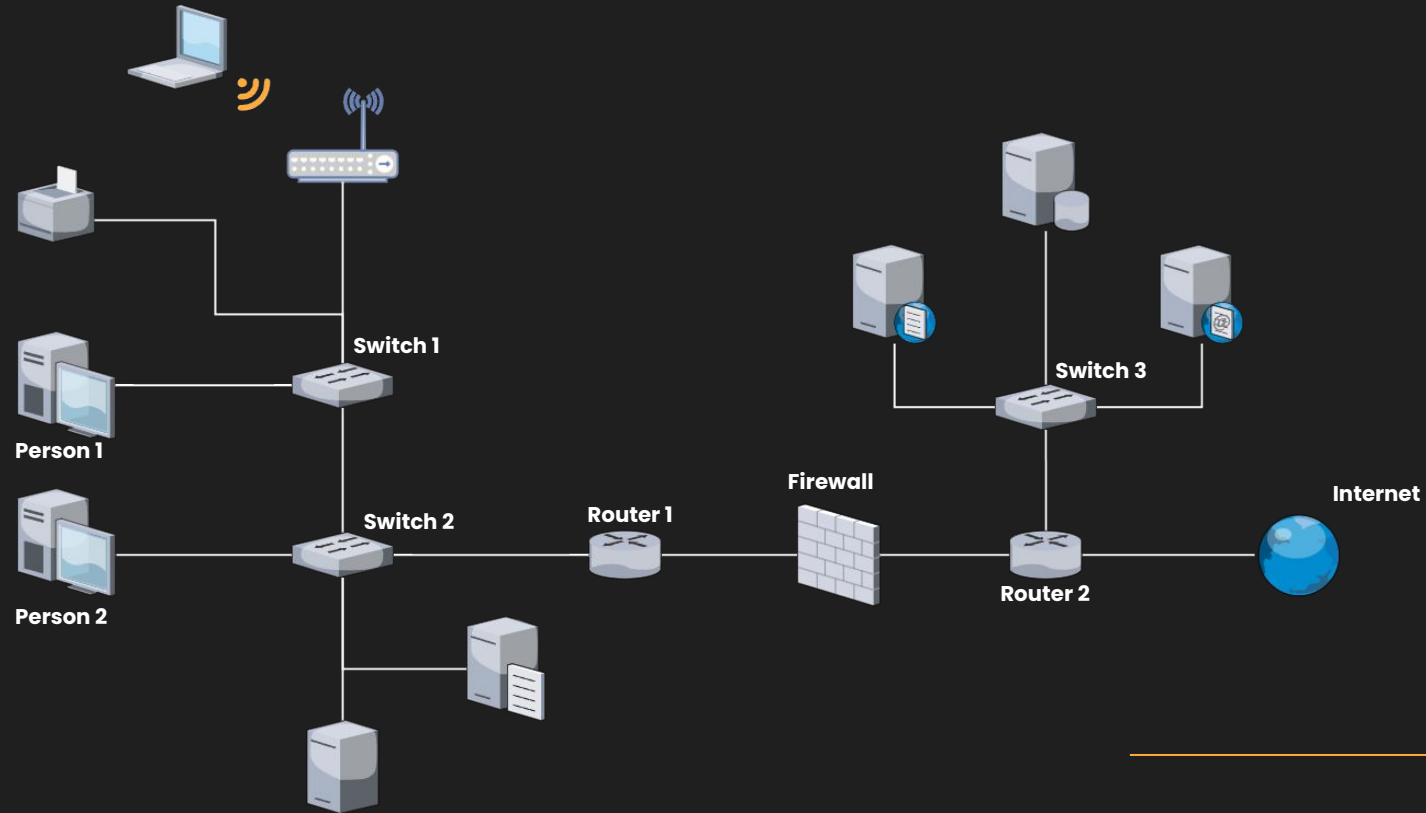


Router



Internet

Basic Topology?



Lingo

- IP Address
- Subnet Mask
- Router
- Default Gateway
- Service
- Protocol
- Port
- Interface
- Firewall



IPs & Subnet Masks

**IPv4
address**

192.168.1.100

255.255.255.0

**Subnet
Mask**

```
IPv4 Address. . . . . : 192.168.1.115
Subnet Mask . . . . . : 255.255.255.0
Default Gateway . . . . . : 192.168.1.1
```

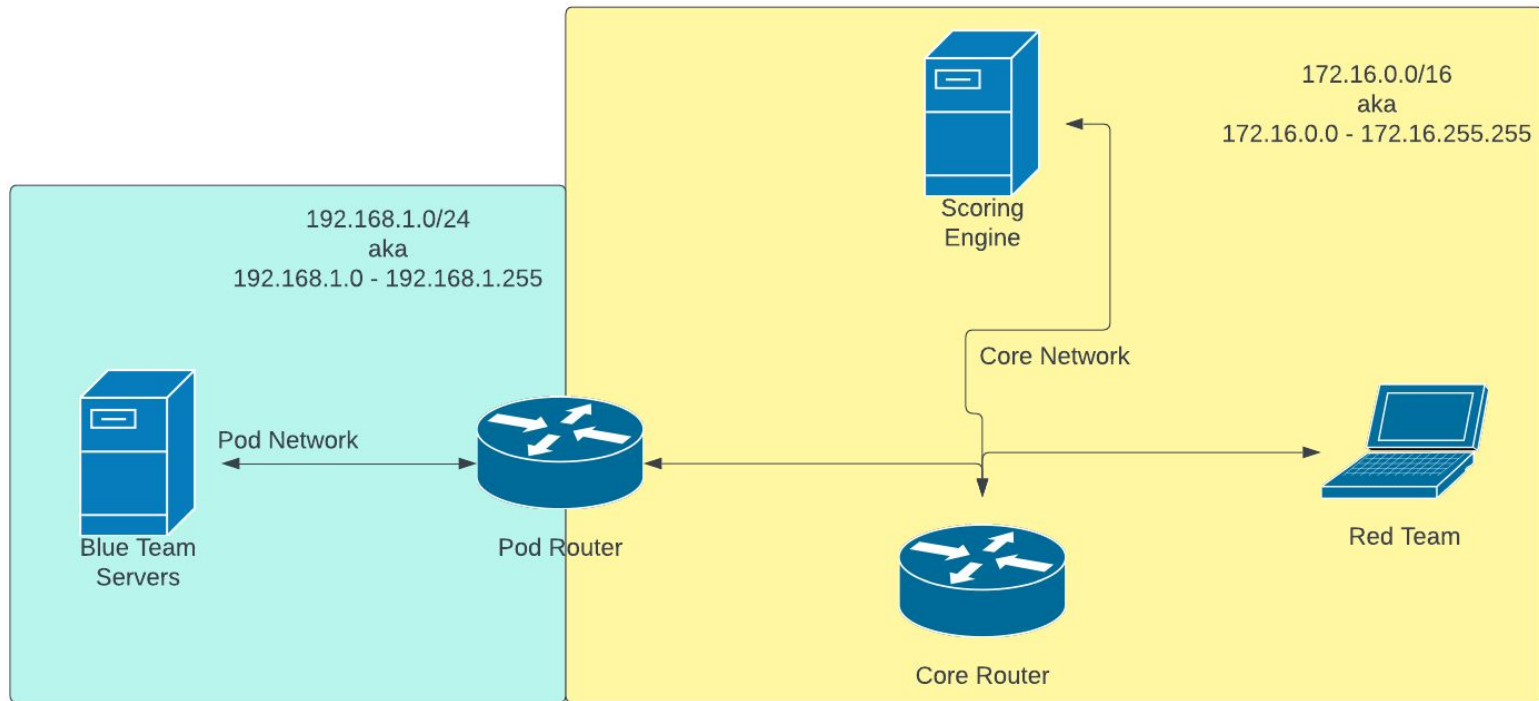
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Competition Networking

Services go brrrrr

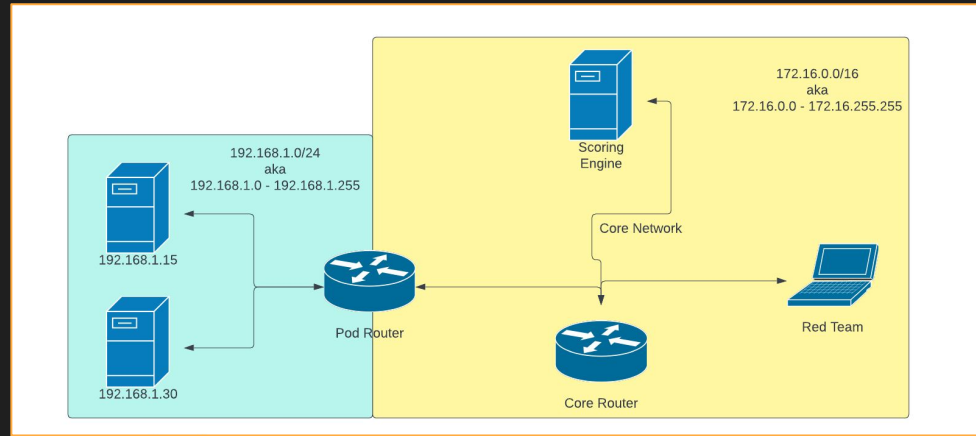


Competition Topology

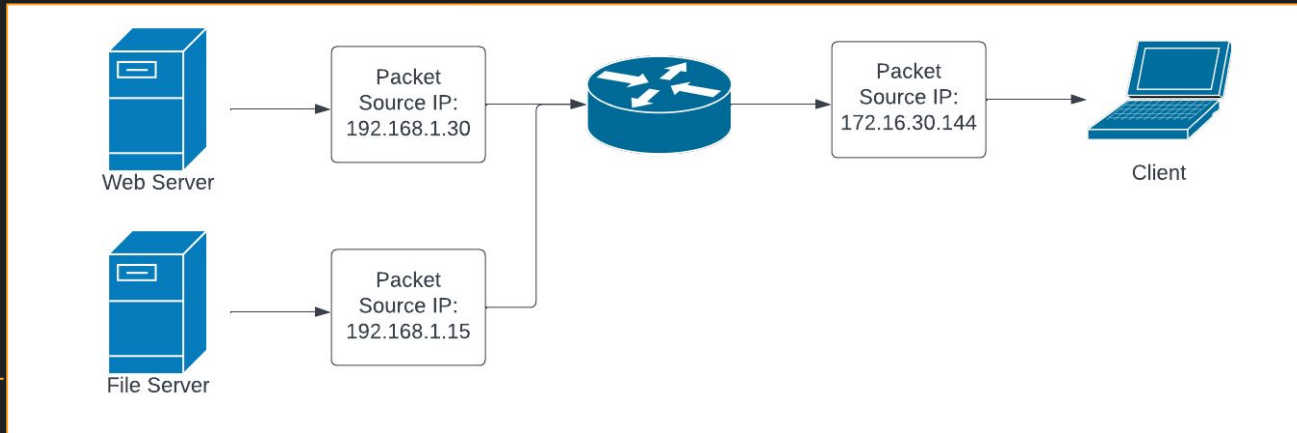


NAT

- Network Address Translation
- Built to conserve IP addresses

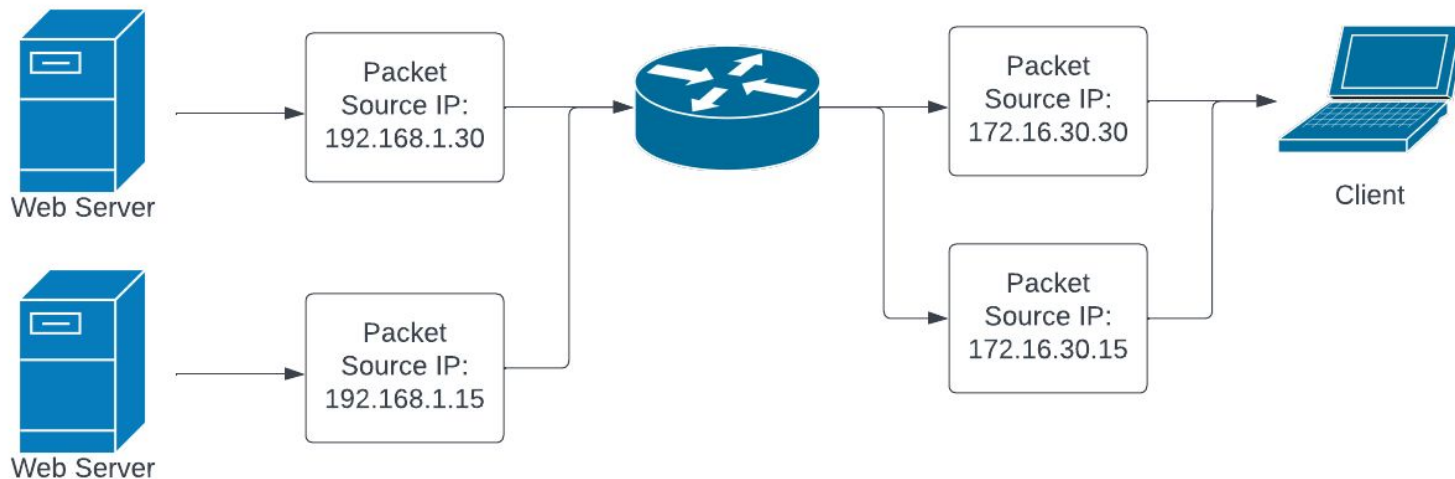


One-to-Many Translation:



1:1 NAT

- Direct Translations
- 192.168.1.0/24 → 172.16.30.0/24



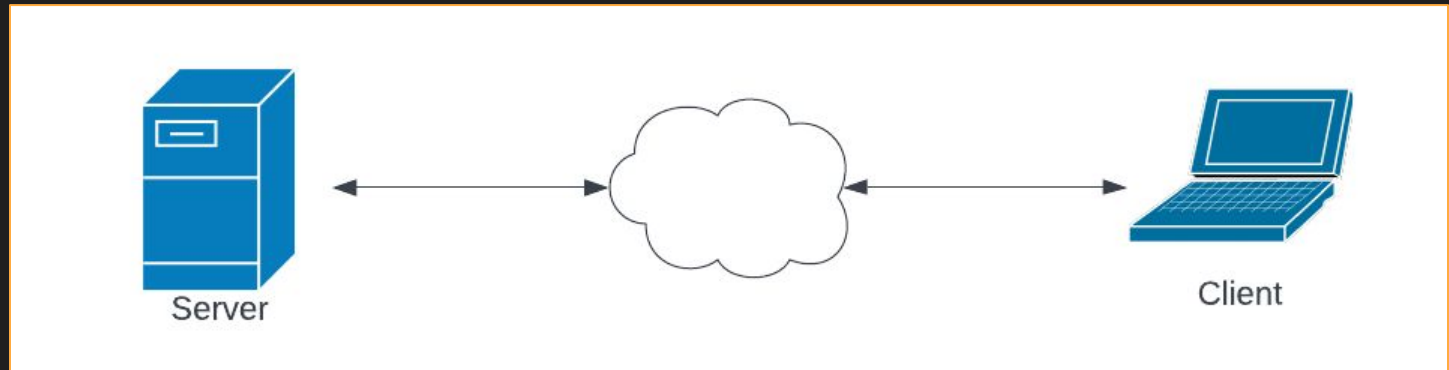
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Client-Server Model

Packet restaurant



Client-Server Model



What are ports?

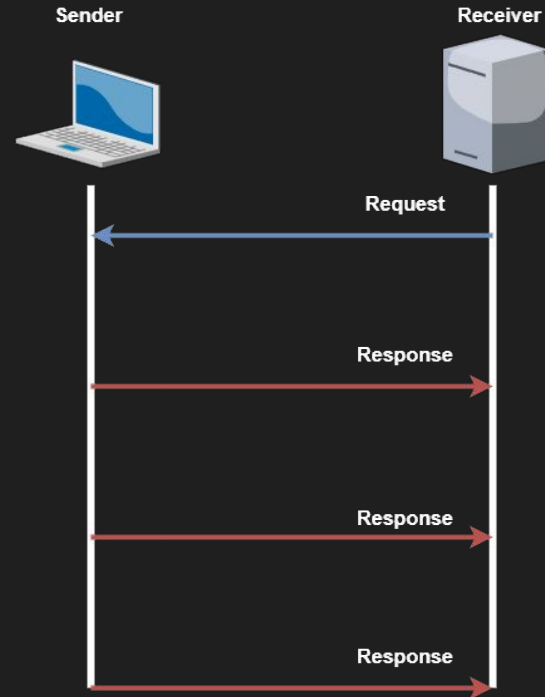
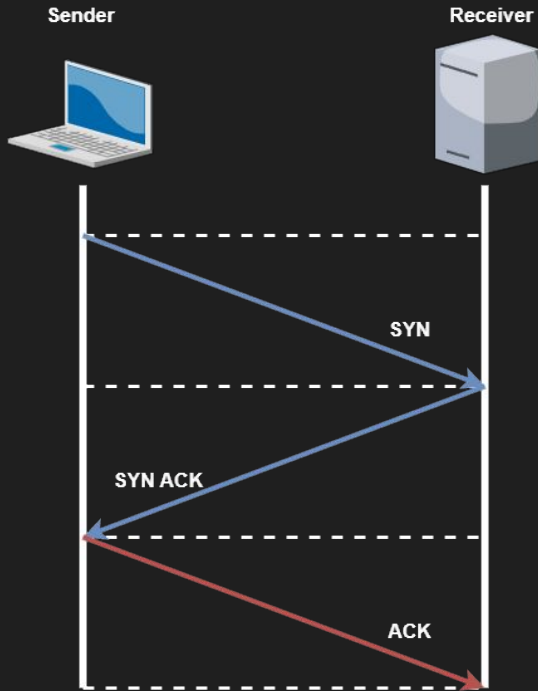
Numbers that identify, along with an IP address, which network socket to connect to on a given device.

- Common port numbers and associated services
 - TCP 20 and 21 - FTP
 - TCP 22 - SSH
 - TCP 25 - SMTP
 - UDP 53 - DNS
 - TCP 80 - HTTP
 - TCP 443 - HTTPS
 - etc.

TCP and UDP

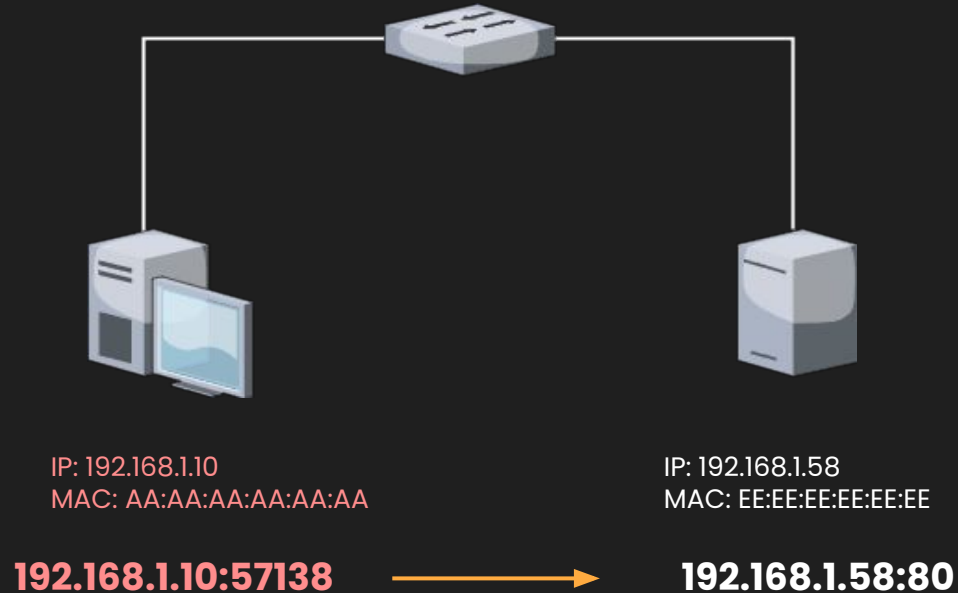
- TCP – Slow but reliable
 - Synchronization
 - Flow control
 - TCP Handshake
- UDP – Fast but unreliable
 - No error-checking
 - No acknowledgements
 - Just send data

TCP and UDP



What are sockets?

Each end of a connection, basically a pairing between an IP and a port.



Why is this important?

Identify normal/abnormal traffic

- Is it coming from scoring engine/orange team? Or is it red team?

Troubleshooting services

- Firewall issue? Service disabled?

```
C:\Windows\System32>netstat -ano
```

Active Connections

Proto	Local Address	Foreign Address	State	PID
TCP	0.0.0.0:135	0.0.0.0:0	LISTENING	1372
TCP	0.0.0.0:445	0.0.0.0:0	LISTENING	4
TCP	0.0.0.0:902	0.0.0.0:0	LISTENING	4868
TCP	0.0.0.0:912	0.0.0.0:0	LISTENING	4868

Ports & Services Review

- TCP and UDP
- Ports – numbers that identify a running service/application
- Source and destination addresses/ports
 - **Ephemeral ports** on client-side
 - Sockets

4

Firewalls

Not a waterwall.





Block IPs

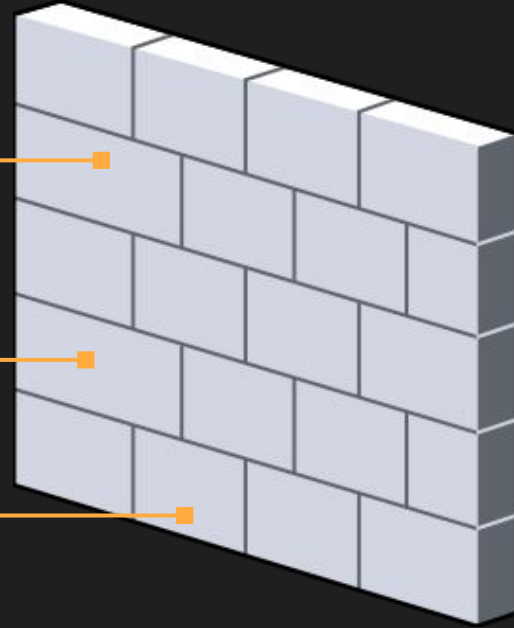
Can block a whole subnet or individual.

Block Ports

Block which ports the external network can access on the LAN

Filtering

Ingress and Egress filtering rules.



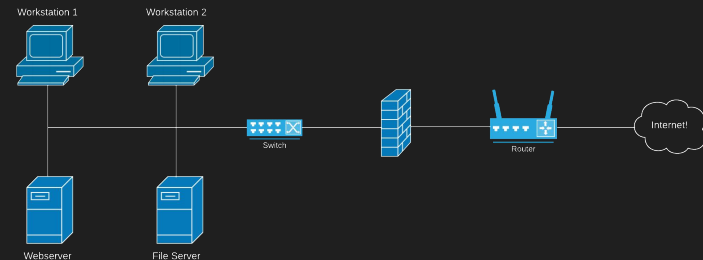
Host Firewall vs Network Firewall

- Host-based firewall
- Filters inbound and outbound traffic for a single device
- Two different rulesets
- Ex. a Windows file server has a Windows Firewall

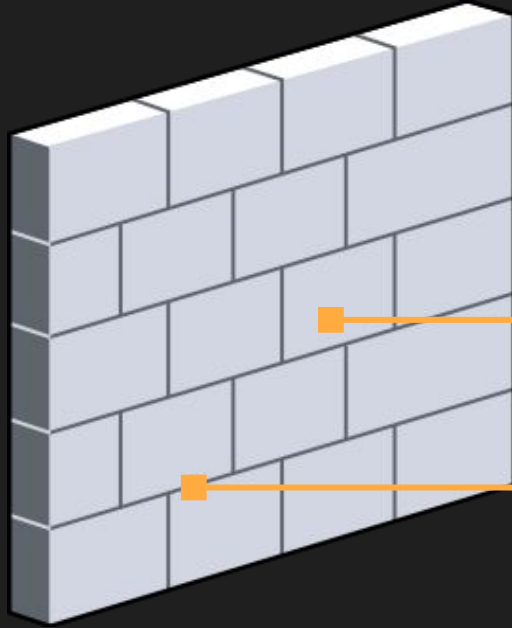
Workstation 1



- Network-based firewall
- Filters inbound and outbound traffic for LAN and WAN
- Four different rulesets
- Ex. a network has a Cisco Firepower Firewall



Stateless vs Stateful



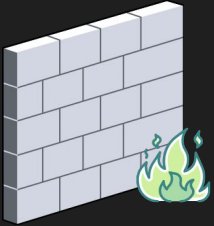
Stateless

ACL. Looks at
Individual packets.

Stateful

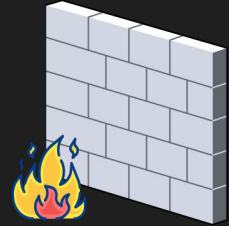
Traffic patterns and flows.
Remembers connections.

NGFW vs Traditional



- Stateful Inspection on incoming and outgoing traffic
- Comprehensive application control and visibility
- Easy to install, configure, integrate security tools, reducing administrative controls
- SSL traffic can be decrypted and inspected.
- IPS & IDS are integrated

- Stateful Inspection on incoming and outgoing traffic
- Partial application control and visibility only
- Managing security tools separately is \$\$\$
- Cannot decrypt and inspect SSL traffic
- Integrated IPS and IDS are deployed separately in traditional firewalls



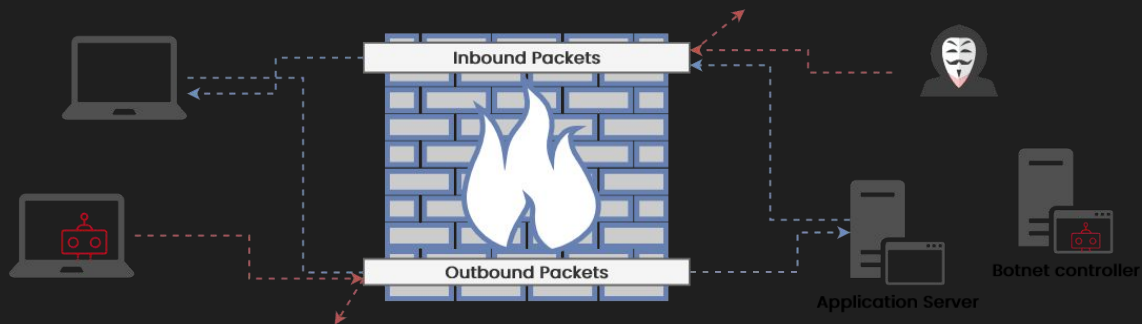
FW Example

Inbound

- Only allow required services
- Allow certain subnets
- Allow certain ip addresses

Outbound

- Block everything going outbound (break internet)



WAN Firewall

Floating WAN LAN

Rules (Drag to Change Order)

☐	States	Protocol	Source	Port	Destination	Port	Gateway	Queue	Schedule	Description	Actions
☐	✓	21 / 80 KiB	IPv4 *	172.16.109.39	*	*	*	*	none		

Add Add Delete Save Separator

LAN Firewall

Floating

WAN

LAN

Rules (Drag to Change Order)

☐	States	Protocol	Source	Port	Destination	Port	Gateway	Queue	Schedule	Description	Actions
☒	✓ 0 / 3.83 MiB	*	*	*	LAN Address	443 80	*	*		Anti-Lockout Rule	
☐	✗ 0 / 0 B	IPv4 *	*	*	*	*	*	none			
☐	✓ 3 / 2.07 GiB	IPv4 *	LAN net	*	*	*	*	none		Default allow LAN to any rule	
☐	✓ 0 / 0 B	IPv6 *	LAN net	*	*	*	*	none		Default allow LAN IPv6 to any rule	

Add Add Delete Save Separator

4.5

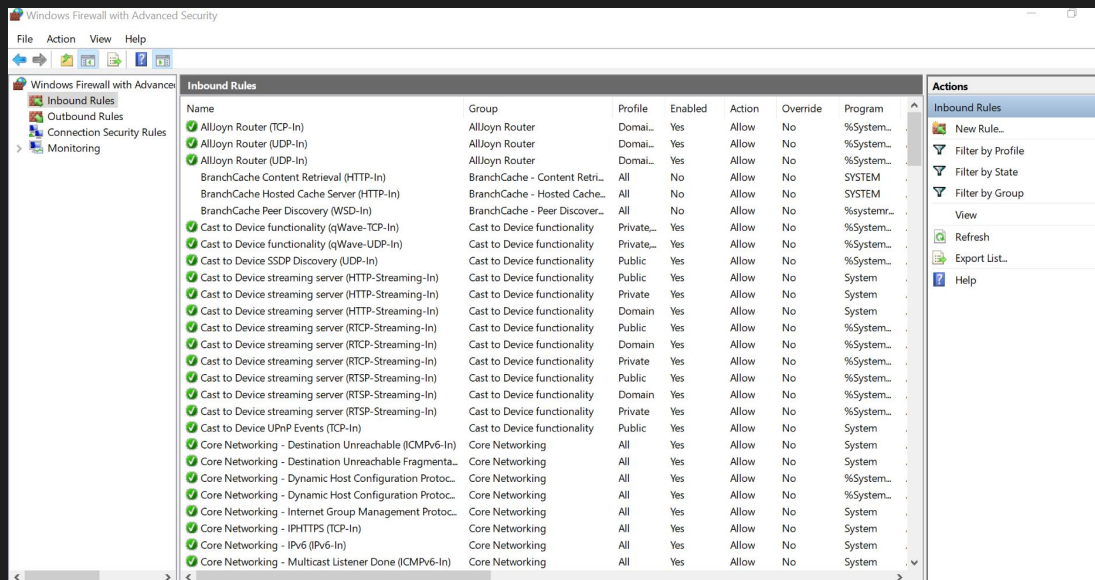
Comp Firewalls

Phoenix flash is broken



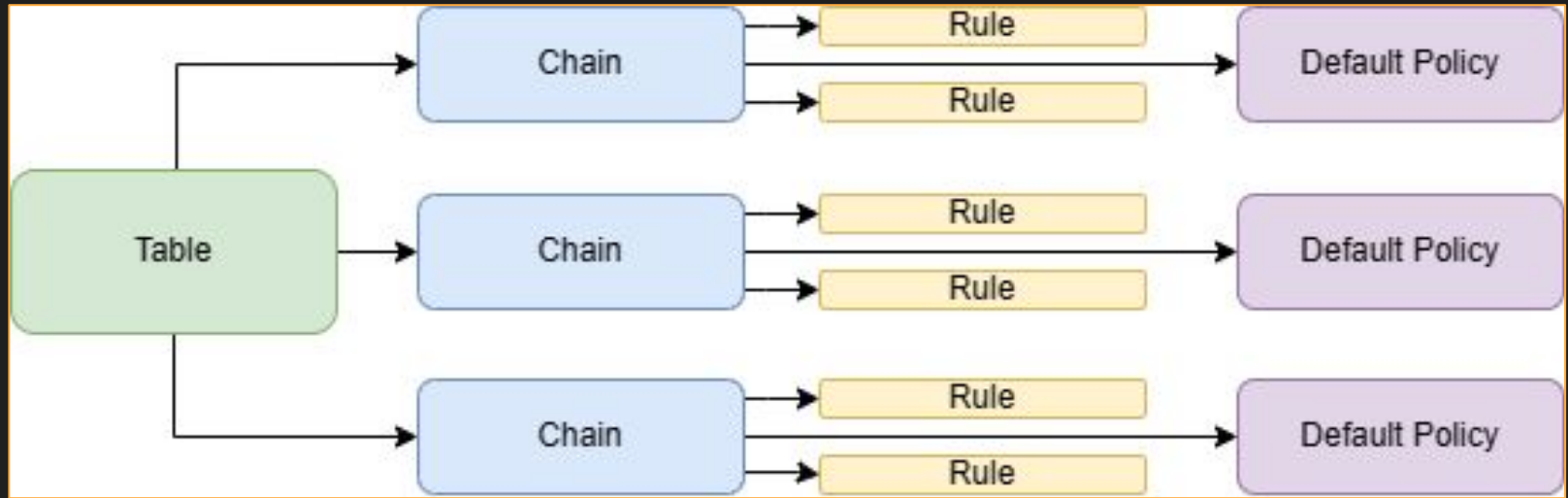
Windows Defender Firewall

- A **stateful** firewall that uses defined rules
 - Goes down list until the packet matches a rule
- Installed on all Windows OSes by default



iptables

- A **stateless** firewall that has a list of rules
 - Goes down list until the packet matches a rule
- May not be enabled by default (some use ufw 🤔)



5 Lab !!



Homework

Due August 1st @ 5 AM PST

<https://jessh.zip/2026ccdchw-3>

Deploy a pod

- Connect to the VPN and visit kamino.sdc.cpp
- Navigate to Pods > Click "CCDC_Summer_Bootcamp_2026" > Deploy
- This will be used for both HW and in-session activities!
- **DO NOT DELETE YOUR POD UNTIL THE END OF BOOTCAMP (August 16th)!!!**

Thanks!

Any questions? Please ask questions; we are available to help :D